WM-7 HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

Definition and Purpose

These are procedures and practices to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants from construction site hazardous waste to the storm drain systems or to watercourses.

Appropriate Applications

This BMP applies to all construction projects. Hazardous waste management practices are implemented on construction projects that generate waste from the use of the following:

- Petroleum Products
- Asphalt Products
- Concrete Curing Compounds
- Pesticides or fertilizers
- Acids
- Paints
- Stains
- Solvents
- Wood Preservatives
- Roofing Tar
- Any materials deemed as a hazardous waste in Idaho

Limitations

 Nothing in this BMP relieves the Contractor from responsibility for compliance with federal, state, and local laws regarding storage, handling, transportation, and disposal of hazardous wastes.

General Considerations

The Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager (WPCM) shall oversee and enforce proper hazardous waste management procedures and practices.

Education

- Educate employees and subcontractors on hazardous waste storage and disposal procedures.
- Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from hazardous wastes.
- Instruct employees and subcontractors on safety procedures for common construction site hazardous wastes.

BMP Objectives	
	Perimeter Control
	Slope Protection
	Borrow and Stockpiles
	Drainage Areas
	Sediment Trapping
\boxtimes	Stream Protection
	Temporary Stabilizing
	Permanent Stabilizing

- Instruct employees and subcontractors in identification of hazardous and solid waste.
- Hold regular meetings (or incorporate into regular safety meetings) to discuss and reinforce hazardous waste management procedures.
- Make sure that hazardous waste is collected, removed, and disposed of only at authorized disposal areas.

Storage Procedures

- Wastes shall be stored in sealed containers constructed of a suitable material and shall be labeled as required by federal regulations.
- All hazardous waste shall be stored, transported, and disposed as required by federal regulations.
- Waste containers shall be stored in temporary containment facilities that shall comply with the following requirements:
 - Throughout the rainy season, temporary containment facilities shall be covered to prevent exposure to stormwater. Covered facilities may include use of plastic tarps for small facilities or constructed roofs with overhangs. A storage facility having a solid cover and sides is preferred to a temporary tarp. Storage facilities shall be equipped with adequate ventilation.
 - ➤ Temporary containment facility shall provide for a spill containment volume able to contain precipitation from a 2-year, 24-hour storm, event, plus 110% of the total volume stored within its boundary.
 - ➤ Temporary containment facility shall be impervious to the materials stored there for a minimum contact time of 72 hours.
 - ➤ Temporary containment facilities shall be maintained free of accumulated rainwater and spills. In the event of spills or leaks, accumulated rainwater and spills shall be placed into drums after each rainfall. These liquids shall be handled as a hazardous waste unless testing determines them to be non-hazardous. Non-hazardous liquids shall be sent to an approved disposal site.
 - > Sufficient separation shall be provided between stored containers to allow for spill cleanup and emergency response access.
 - ➤ Incompatible materials, such as chlorine and ammonia, shall not be stored in the same temporary containment facility.
- Drums shall not be overfilled, and wastes shall not be mixed.
- Unless watertight, containers of dry waste shall be stored on pallets.
- Paint brushes and equipment for water- and oil-based paints shall be cleaned within a
 contained area and shall not be allowed to contaminate site soils, watercourses, or
 drainage systems. Waste paints, thinners, solvents, residues, and sludges that cannot be
 recycled or reused shall be disposed of as hazardous waste. When thoroughly dry, latex
 paint and paint cans, used brushes, rags, absorbent materials, and drop cloths shall be
 disposed of as solid waste.

- Hazardous waste collection containers shall be conveniently located.
- Hazardous waste storage areas on-site shall be designated and located away from storm drains or watercourses and away from moving vehicles and equipment to prevent accidental spills.
- Production or generation of hazardous waste on the job site shall be minimized.
- Potentially hazardous waste shall be segregated from non-hazardous construction site debris.
- Liquid or semi-liquid hazardous waste shall be kept in appropriate containers (closed drums or similar) and under cover.
- All hazardous waste containers shall be clearly labeled with the waste being stored and the date of accumulation.
- Hazardous waste containers shall be placed in secondary containment.
- Potentially hazardous waste materials shall not be allowed to accumulate on the ground.

Disposal Procedures

- Waste shall be properly disposed of outside the highway right-of-way within 90 days of being generated, or as directed by the Engineer.
- Waste shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste transporter at an authorized and licensed disposal facility or recycling facility utilizing properly completed Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest forms.
- A certified laboratory shall sample waste and classify it to determine the appropriate disposal facility.
- Toxic liquid wastes (e.g., used oils, solvents, and paints) and chemicals (e.g., acids, pesticides, additives, and curing compounds) shall NOT be disposed of in dumpsters designated for solid waste construction debris.
- Recycle material such as used oil or water-based paint when practical.

Maintenance and Inspection

- Inspections shall be conducted as required by the NPDES permit or contract specifications.
- A foreman and/or construction supervisor shall monitor on-site hazardous waste storage and disposal procedures.
- Waste storage areas shall be kept clean, well organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored.
- Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners shall be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.
- Hazardous spills shall be cleaned up and reported in conformance with the applicable Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) and the instructions posted at the project site.

- The Idaho Emergency Response Center, at (800) 632-8000, shall be notified of spills of reportable quantities.
- A copy of the hazardous waste manifests shall be provided to the Engineer.