

Aggressive Driving

Aggressive driving behaviors include: failure to yield right of way, fail to obey stop sign, exceeded posted speed, driving too fast for conditions, following too close, and fail to obey signal. Aggressive driving is not to be confused with road rage, which is a deliberate and violent act against another driver or individual and is a criminal offense.

An officer may indicate up to three contributing circumstances for each vehicle in a crash. Thus the total number of fatalities and injuries attributed to these behaviors in the top portion of the table do not equal the sum of the fatalities and injuries attributed to individual behaviors in the bottom of the table.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Change 2015-2016	Avg. Change 2012-2015
Total Aggressive Driving Crashes	11,442	12,522	12,366	12,383	12,793	3.3%	2.8%
Fatalities	66	84	72	77	83	7.8%	6.6%
Serious Injuries	629	635	649	637	612	-3.9%	0.4%
Visible Injuries	1,944	2,109	2,077	2,282	2,164	-5.2%	5.6%
Possible Injuries	3,964	4,255	4,356	4,652	4,706	1.2%	5.5%
Number of Traffic Fatalities and Serious Injuries Involving:*							
Fail to Yield Right of Way	233	244	229	276	266	-3.6%	6.4%
Driving Too Fast for Conditions	215	219	205	171	174	1.8%	-7.0%
Following Too Close	93	95	124	115	93	-19.1%	8.5%
Fail to Obey Stop Sign	100	97	102	92	89	-3.3%	-2.5%
Exceeded Posted Speed	63	68	58	49	69	40.8%	-7.4%
Fail to Obey Signal	63	50	60	50	67	34.0%	-5.8%
Aggressive Driving Fatal and Serious Injury Rate per 100 Million AVMT	4.39	4.53	4.47	4.29	4.05	-5.4%	-0.7%

* Three contributing circumstances possible per unit involved in each crash

In 2016, aggressive driving was a contributing factor in 51% of all crashes in Idaho. While 76% of all aggressive driving crashes occur in urban areas, 71% of the fatal aggressive driving crashes occur in rural areas.

Only 16% of all aggressive driving crashes involved a single vehicle, while 40% of fatal aggressive driving crashes involved only one vehicle. Of the 29 fatal aggressive driving crashes that involved a single vehicle, 22 (or 76%) occurred in rural areas.

The economic cost of crashes involving aggressive driving was more than \$1.7 billion dollars in 2016. This represents 41% of the total costs of Idaho crashes (as shown in Table 4).

Involvement in Aggressive Driving Crashes by Driver Age

Drivers ages 19 and younger were 4.2 times as likely to be involved in aggressive driving crashes as all other drivers, while drivers ages 20 to 24 are 2.2 times as likely as all other drivers to be involved in aggressive driving crashes. (Note: the odds ratios above compare the involvement of a group of drivers to the involvement of all other drivers combined.) Drivers under the age of 25 represent more than one-third (37%) of the drivers involved in aggressive driving crashes.

Table 34
Involvement in Aggressive Driving Crashes by Drivers Age: 2016

Age	Licensed Drivers		Drivers in All Aggressive Driving Crashes			Drivers in Fatal and Injury Aggressive Driving Crashes		
	Number	%	Number	%	Involvement*	Number	%	Involvement*
0-14	0	0.0%	30	0.2%		16	0.3%	
15	3,216	0.3%	176	1.3%	4.9	69	1.3%	4.8
16	10,516	0.9%	497	3.8%	4.2	186	3.6%	4.0
17	15,686	1.3%	667	5.1%	3.8	232	4.5%	3.3
18	17,352	1.5%	660	5.1%	3.4	232	4.5%	3.0
19	19,170	1.6%	619	4.7%	2.9	230	4.5%	2.7
20	19,888	1.7%	501	3.8%	2.2	191	3.7%	2.2
21	18,522	1.6%	486	3.7%	2.3	199	3.9%	2.4
22	19,588	1.7%	410	3.1%	1.9	158	3.1%	1.8
23	20,311	1.7%	455	3.5%	2.0	158	3.1%	1.8
24	20,996	1.8%	385	2.9%	1.6	152	2.9%	1.6
25-34	198,720	17.1%	2,539	19.4%	1.1	999	19.3%	1.1
35-44	190,481	16.3%	1,624	12.4%	0.8	670	13.0%	0.8
45-54	185,748	15.9%	1,314	10.1%	0.6	560	10.8%	0.7
55-64	198,970	17.1%	1,140	8.7%	0.5	465	9.0%	0.5
65-74	146,879	12.6%	737	5.6%	0.4	304	5.9%	0.5
75+	79,188	6.8%	589	4.5%	0.7	274	5.3%	0.8
Not Stated or Other			230	1.8%		72	1.4%	
TOTALS	1,165,231		13,059			5,167		

* Involvement is calculated by dividing the percent of Crashes by the percent of licensed drivers.
 Over-representation occurs when the value is greater than 1.0.